**ÔN TẬP TIẾNG ANH LỚP 8**

**I.CỤM TỪ CHỈ KẾT QUẢ: enough , too**

 **a/ enough ….to *(đủ …..để có thể)***

**S + V + adj / adv + enough (for O) + to-V1**

**S + V + enough + N + to-V1**

 **b/ too ….to** ***(quá ….không thể)***

**S + V + too + adj / adv (for O) + to-V1**

**II.CÂU CẢM THÁN**

 **What + (a / an) + adj + N!**

**Note: *không dùng a, an nếu danh từ là danh từ số nhiều hoặc danh từ không đếm được***

 - What a lovely dress! - What an expensive car!

 - What hot coffee! - What good students!

**III.USED TO**

1. **used to + V1**: (đã từng), thói quen trong quá khứ, mà nay không còn nữa.

 **Khẳng định: S + used to + V1**

 He *used to* live here.

 **Phủ định: S + didn’t + use to + V1**

He *didn’t use to* smoke.

 **Nghi vấn: Did + S + use to + V1?**

 *Did* he *use to* smoke?

 **ĐỀ KIỂM TRA TIẾNG ANH LỚP 8**

**A. Circle the best answer (A,B,C or D) to complete the sentences**

1. Choose the underlined word that has different pronunciation.

 A. peaceful B. steamer C. bead D. deaf

 2. Tom………………….TV with his parents last night.

 A. watch B. watched C. watches D. watching

3. The Lost Shoe is a …………………story.

 A. tradition B. traditionally C. traditional D. fashion

4. “Can you help me with my math homework?” – “………………..”

 A. C ertainly B. Yes, thank you C. No, thanks D. I’m fine.

5. She cut ………………….badly while she was slicing cucumbers yesterday.

 A. herself B. himself C. myself D. yourself

6. The environment in the city is becoming…………………..

 A. worst B. worse and worse C. better and better D. B and C are correct

**B. Read the passage. Then do the following tasks.**

 It is very necessary for language learners to learn words when they learn a foreign language. However, they learn words in different ways. Some learners make a list and put into it the meanings of new words in their mother tongue, and try to learn them by heart. Others write one or two example sentences with each new word to remember how to use the word in the right way. In order to remember words better, some learners even write each word and its use on a small piece of paper and stick it somewhere in their house to learn it at any time. To remember important words, some learners underline or highlight only the words they want to learn. Language learners should try different ways of learning words so as to find out the best way for themselves.

**I. True or false.**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | T | F |
| 1. All language learners learn words in the same way. |  |  |
| 2. Learning words is necessary in learning a foreign language. |  |  |
| 3. We shouldn’t try different ways when we learn words. |  |  |
| 4. Writing words on small pieces of paper helps learners remember words better. |  |  |

**II. Answer the questions**

1. Why do some learners write one or two example sentences with each new word?

2. What do some learners do to remember important words?

3. How do you learn new words?

4. What is this passage about?

**C. Writing.**

**Change the following sentences into reported speech.**

1. Mrs. Brown said: “Can you lend me your new book, Tim?”

2. The teacher said: “You should study harder, Mai.”